Bass Clarinet

Dynamic Environment

(i), A, B, and C should always be as soft as possible Within this, sounds can be on the cusp of articulation (i.e., discontinuous) or continuous.

Blow just enough air so the events "flicker" in and out of perception. Whether or not the sound sustains depends on the larynx area.

The dynamic environment of conditionals can be found in the text of the conditional.

<u>Breath</u>

Alternate between IN and OUT breaths; remain in contact with instrument; always as long as possible; allow for moments of strain; **'b' = either one IN or OUT breath.**

Oral Cavity Cycle Reference



Tongue Cycle Reference



<u>'r' Values</u>

Embouchure: 6b Lip Tension: 4b Larynx: 3b Oral Cavity: 2.5b Growl: 7b Fingering: 3.5b Pitch: 2b Tongue: 1.5b

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Bass Clarinet

Dynamic Environment

(i), A, B, and C should always be as soft as possible Within this, sounds can be on the cusp of articulation (i.e., discontinuous) or continuous.

For C, breath pressure is tied with diaphragm resistance. As breath pressure increases, the amount of imposed resistance must increase.

The dynamic environment of conditionals can be found in the text of the conditional.

Breath OUT breath is as long as possible; no strain; IN breath as fast as possible; **'b' = one OUT breath**

Oral Cavity Cycle Reference



<u>Referents</u>

The first referent is the performer directly to your left, the second referent is the second performer from your left...; attempt to continue the self-reference while simultaneously allocating attention to the referent; *do not "exit" from your current physical state*.

<u>'r' Values</u>

Embouchure: 6b Lip Tension: 4b Larynx: 3b Oral Cavity: 2.5b Growl: 7b Fingering: 3.5b Pitch: 2b Tongue: 1.5b Breath/Con.: 2b



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